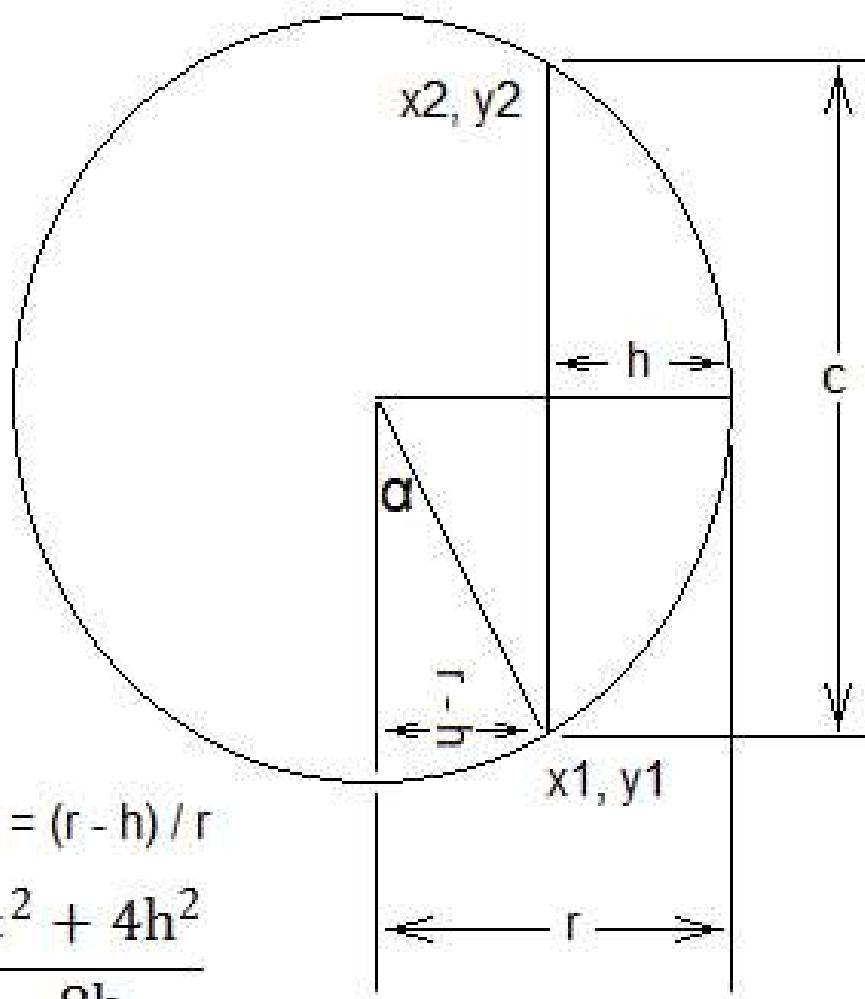


Case II: Arc with Vertical Chord



$$\sin \alpha = (r - h) / r$$

$$r = \frac{c^2 + 4h^2}{8h}$$

c = chord length

r = radius

h = perpendicular distance from the chord to the top of the arc.

x1, y1 is the starting point of the arc

x2, y2 is the ending point of the arc